

Contents

<i>Preface</i>	00
<i>Contributors</i>	00

PART **1**

Theoretical, Experimental and Numerical Techniques

1	History of Shock Waves	
	<i>by P. Krehl</i>	
1.1	Introduction	00
1.2	Shock Waves: Definition and Scope	00
1.3	Early Percussion Research	00
1.4	Evolution of Shock Waves	00
	1.4.1 Natural Supersonic Phenomena and Early Speculations	00
	1.4.2 Shock Waves in Gases	00
	1.4.3 Shock Waves in Liquids	00
	1.4.4 Shock Waves in Solids	00
1.5	Evolution of Detonation Physics	00
1.6	Milestones in Early High Speed Diagnostics	00
1.7	Further Reading	00
1.8	Chronological Table	

2 General Laws for Propagation of Shock Waves through Matter

by L.F. Henderson

2.1	Introduction	00
2.2	The Riemann Problem	00
2.3	Length and Time Scales	00
2.4	The Conservation Laws for a Single Shock Wave	00
	2.4.1 Laboratory Frame Coordinates	00
	2.4.2 Shock Fixed Coordinates	00
2.5	The Hugoniot Adiabatic	00
	2.5.1 The Hugoniot Equation	00
	2.5.2 The Raleigh Equations	00
	2.5.3 Solution of a Simple Shock Riemann Problem	00
2.6	Thermodynamic Properties of Materials	00
2.7	Thermodynamic Constraints on the EOS	00
2.8	Non-Thermodynamic Constraints on the EOS	00
	2.8.1 Convexity	00
	2.8.2 Shock Wave Stability Constraints	00
2.9	Other Non-Thermodynamic EOS Constraints	00
2.10	The Bethe-Weyl (B-W) Theorem	00
2.11	Shock Wave Interactions	00
	2.11.1 Dimensions of the Interactions	00
	2.11.2 Two-Dimensional Shock Wave Interactions	00
	2.11.3 Three-Dimensional Shock Wave Interactions	00
2.12	The Triple-Shock Theory and Related Theorems	00
	2.12.1 The Theorems	00
	2.12.2 Application of Shock Wave Interactions	00
2.13	Crocco's Theorem	00
2.14	The Refraction Law	00
2.15	Concluding Remarks	00
2.16	References	

3 Theory of Shock Waves

3.1 Shock Waves in Gases

by G. Emanuel

3.1.1	Introduction	00
3.1.2	Jump Conditions	00
	3.1.2.1 Steady Normal Shock Waves	00
	3.1.2.2 Mach Number	00
	3.1.2.3 Jump Direction	00

3.1.2.4	Unsteady Normal Shock Waves	00
3.1.2.5	Oblique Waves	00
3.1.3	Shock Wave Configurations	00
3.1.3.1	Local vs. Global Analysis	00
3.1.3.2	Single Shock System	00
3.1.3.3	Multiple Shock System	00
3.1.4	Interactions	00
3.1.4.1	Shock Impingement	00
3.1.4.2	Shock-Expansion and Expansion-Shock Interactions	00
3.1.4.3	Boundary-Layer Interaction	00
3.1.5	Real Gas Phenomena	00
3.1.5.1	Low Temperature Phenomena	00
3.1.5.2	High Temperature Phenomena	00
3.1.6	Perfect Gas Shock Waves	00
3.1.6.1	Steady Shock Waves	00
3.1.6.2	Unsteady Shock Waves	00
3.1.6.3	Characteristic Theory	00
3.1.6.4	Shock Formation	00
3.1.6.5	Steady, Two-Dimensional Axisymmetric Shock waves	00
3.1.6.6	General Theory	00
3.1.7	References	
3.2	Shock Waves in Liquids	
	<i>by S. Itoh</i>	
3.2.1	Fundamental Properties of Liquid	00
3.2.1.1	Density of Liquid	00
3.2.1.2	Compressibility of Liquid	00
3.2.1.3	Viscosity of Liquid	00
3.2.2	Wave Motion in Liquids and Equation of State	00
3.2.2.1	Pressure Wave in Liquids	00
3.2.2.2	Equation of State for Liquids	00
3.2.2.3	Plane Shock Relation for Water	00
3.2.3	Shock Waves in Water Due to Underwater Explosion of High Explosives	
3.2.3.1	Observational Investigation	00
3.2.3.2	Numerical Procedure	00
3.2.3.3	Experiments of Underwater Shock Waves	00
3.2.4	Von Neumann Reflection of Underwater Shock Wave	00
3.2.4.1	Introduction	00

3.2.4.2	Experimental Method	00
3.2.4.3	Wave Configuration of Oblique Interaction of Underwater Shock Waves	00
3.2.5	Application of Underwater Shock Waves	00
3.2.5.1	Shock Compaction of Powders	00
3.2.5.2	Explosive Forming by Underwater Shock Waves	00
3.2.6	References	
3.3	Shock Waves in Solids	
	<i>by K. Nagayama</i>	
3.3.1	Introduction	00
3.3.2	Basics	00
3.3.2.1	Shock Jump Conditions	00
3.3.2.2	Weak Shock Formulae	00
3.3.3	Experimental Method	00
3.3.3.1	Procedure of Shock Wave Generation	00
3.3.3.2	Measurement Methods	00
3.3.4	Shock Hugoniot Curve and High-Pressure Equation of State for Solids	00
3.3.4.1	Empirical Linear Relation	00
3.3.4.2	Reflection and Transmission of Shock Waves at the Material Interface	00
3.3.5	Shock Thermodynamics	00
3.3.5.1	Grüneisen Equation of State for Condensed Media	00
3.3.5.2	Irreversibility of Shock Compression Process	00
3.3.5.3	Temperature Calculation	00
3.3.6	Topics of Applications	00
3.3.6.1	Elastic-Plastic Shock Waves	00
3.3.6.2	Wave Splitting by Elastic-Plastic Transition or High-Pressure Phase	00
3.3.7	References	
3.4	Rarefaction Shocks	
	<i>by A. Kluwick</i>	
3.4.1	Introduction	00
3.4.2	Shock Adiabats	00
3.4.3	Shock Admissibility	00
3.4.4	Shock Structure	00
3.4.5	Weak Shocks	00

3.4.6	Shock Dynamics	00
3.4.7	Concluding Remarks	00
3.4.8	References	
3.5	Stability of Shock Waves	
	<i>by N. M. Kuznetsov</i>	
3.5.1	Introduction	00
3.5.2	Hydrodynamic Conditions of Shock Wave Stability	00
3.5.2.1	One-Dimensional Conditions of Shock Wave Stability	00
3.5.2.2	Corrugation Stability of Shock Waves	00
3.5.2.3	Nonuniqueness of Shock Front Representation	00
3.5.2.4	Regions Where a Shock Wave Discontinuity is Unstable and Where Its Representation is Nonunique	00
3.5.2.5	On the Physical Meaning of the Solutions with Steady-State Corrugation Perturbations of a Shock Wave and with Acoustic Waves Emanated by the Shock Front	00
3.5.2.6	Resonance Reflection of a Sound Wave and Shock Wave Stability	00
3.5.2.7	General Characteristics and a Simple Example of Relation between Instability and Nonuniqueness of Steady-State Regimes	00
3.5.2.8	Stability of Shock Waves Pertaining to the Lower and Upper Branches of the Z-Shaped Segment of the Shock Wave Hugoniot Curve. Splitting of an Unstable Shock Wave	00
3.5.2.9	Simple Interpretation of the Instability Mechanisms and Criteria for Instability	00
3.5.2.10	Feasibility of Experimental Observation of Hydrodynamic Instability of Shock Waves	00
3.5.2.11	Stability of Shock Wave Supported by a Piston	00

3.5.3	Stability of the Structure of Shock and Detonation Waves	00
3.5.3.1	The Experimental Data on Structural Instability of Shock Waves	00
3.5.3.2	The Structure of Shock Waves and Stability of Viscous Compression Discontinuities	00
3.5.3.3	On the Hydrodynamic Approach to Flows with Structurally Unstable Shock Waves	00
3.5.3.4	On the Mechanisms of Structural Instability of Shock and Detonation Waves	00
3.5.3.5	Two-Fronts Model of a Shock (or Detonation) Wave with Instantaneous Heat Release	00
3.5.3.6	Two-Fronts Model of Shock and Detonation Waves with Non-Instantaneous Relaxation	00
3.5.4	References	
3.6	Shock Waves in Space <i>by M. Gedalin</i>	
3.6.1	Introduction	00
3.6.2	MHD Shocks	00
3.6.3	Shock Morphology	00
3.6.4	Bow Shock Observations	00
3.6.5	Collisionless Shock Theory	00
3.6.5.1	Field Structure	00
3.6.5.2	Nonlinear Waves and Ramp Width	00
3.6.5.3	Noncoplanar Magnetic Field	00
3.6.5.4	Ion Motion	00
3.6.5.5	Electron Heating	00
3.6.6	Shock Particle Acceleration	00
3.6.6.1	Shock Drift Acceleration	00
3.6.6.2	Diffusive Acceleration	00
3.6.6.3	Electron Acceleration	00
3.6.7	Conclusions	00
3.6.8	References	
3.7	Geometrical Shock Dynamics <i>by Z-Y Han and X-Z Yin</i>	
3.7.1	Shock Waves Propagation through Quiescent Gases	00

3.7.1.1	Fundamental Concepts and Theoretical Basis	00
3.7.1.2	Two-Dimensional Shock Diffraction	00
3.7.1.3	Three-Dimensional Shock Wave Diffraction	00
3.7.1.4	Diffraction of Shock Waves Propagating into Non-Uniform Quiescent Gases	00
3.7.2	Shock Waves Propagation through Moving Gases	00
3.7.2.1	Shock Waves Propagation through Uniform Flow Fields	00
3.7.2.2	Shock Waves Propagation through Non-Uniform Flow Fields	00
3.7.3	References	

4 Shock Tubes and Tunnels: Facilities, Instrumentation and Techniques

4.1 Shock Tubes

by M. Nishida

4.1.1	Introduction	00
4.1.2	Shock Jump Relation	00
4.1.3	One-Dimensional Propagation of a Small Disturbance	00
4.1.4	Shock Tube Theory	00
4.1.4.1	General Description of a Shock Tube	00
4.1.4.2	Relation between Region (1) and Region (2)	00
4.1.4.3	Relation between Region (2) and Region (3)	00
4.1.4.4	Relation between Region (3) and Region (4)	00
4.1.4.5	Reflection of a Shock Wave from the Shock Tube End Wall	00
4.1.4.6	Interaction between the Reflected Shock Wave and Contact Surface	00
4.1.5	Technique for Shock Tube Operation	00
4.1.5.1	Diaphragm	00
4.1.5.2	Variable Cross Section Shock Tube	00
4.1.5.3	Shock Tube for Generating Strong Shock Waves	00
4.1.6	References	

4.2	Shock Tunnels	
	<i>by R. Morgan</i>	
4.3	Piston Driven Shock and Expansion Tunnels	
	<i>by R. Morgan</i>	
4.4	Blast Tubes	
	<i>by R. Robey</i>	
4.4.1	General Description	00
4.4.2	Experimental Design Specification	00
4.4.3	Experimental Design Configurations	00
	4.4.3.1 Centered Explosive Design	00
	4.4.3.2 Explosive at the End of the Blast Tube	00
	4.4.3.3 Explosive Outside the Blast Tube	00
4.4.4	Driver Design	00
4.4.5	Detonable Gas Driver	00
4.4.6	Simulation Scaling	00
4.4.7	Simulation Envelope	00
4.4.8	Instrumentation	00
4.4.9	Applications	00
	4.4.9.1 Non-Ideal Blast Wave Simulations	00
	4.4.9.2 Model Studies	00
	4.4.9.3 Civil Defense Studies	00
	4.4.9.4 Detonation Studies	00
4.4.10	Conclusions	00
4.4.11	References	00
4.5	Supersonic and Hypersonic Wind Tunnels	
	<i>by B. Chanetz and A. Chpoun</i>	
4.5.1	Introduction	00
4.5.2	The Nozzle	00
4.5.3	The Diffuser	00
4.5.4	Start-Up Process	00
4.5.5	Supersonic and Hypersonic Continuous Wind Tunnels	00
	4.5.5.1 Return-Circuit Continuous Wind Tunnels	00
	4.5.5.2 Open-Circuit Continuous Wind Tunnels	00
4.5.6	Blow-Down Wind Tunnels	00
	4.5.6.1 Preliminary Remarks	00
	4.5.6.2 Description of a Classical Cold Blow-Down Wind Tunnel	00

4.5.6.3	Induction Blow Down Wind Tunnel	00
4.5.6.4	Description of a Hot Blow-Down Wind Tunnel	00
4.5.7	Experimental Techniques	00
4.5.7.1	Pitot Probe Technique	00
4.5.7.2	Multi-Hole Pressure Probes	00
4.5.7.3	Electron Beam Fluorescence Technique (EBFT)	00
4.5.7.4	Heat Flux Measurement by Surface Measurement Techniques	00
4.5.7.5	Infrared Thermography Technique	00
4.5.7.6	Laser Doppler Velocimetry (LDV)	00
4.5.8	Summary	00
4.5.9	References	

5 Measurement Techniques and Diagnostics

5.1 Flow Visualization

by H. Kleine

5.1.1	Density-Sensitive Flow Visualization	00
5.1.2	The Shadow Technique	00
5.1.3	Schlieren Method	00
5.1.4	Color Schlieren Techniques	00
5.1.5	Direction-Indicating Color Schlieren Method	00
5.1.6	Interferometry	00
5.1.7	Shearing Interferometry	00
5.1.8	Holographic Interferometry	00
5.1.9	Light Sources and Recording Materials	00
5.1.10	Time Evolution Visualization and Animation	00
5.1.11	References	00

5.2 Spectroscopic Diagnostics

by D.F. Davidson & R.K. Hanson

5.2.1	Introduction	00
5.2.2	Absorption Theory and Line Shapes	00
5.2.3	Ultraviolet and Visible Laser Absorption Techniques	00
5.2.3.1	Visible and Near Ultraviolet Transitions Available without Frequency Doubling: CN, SiH, CH, NCO, C ₂ , SiH ₂ , NH ₂ , TiN	00
5.2.3.2	Ultraviolet Transitions Available with Frequency Doubling: OH, NH	00

5.2.3.3	Ultraviolet Transitions Available Using BBO Frequency Doubling: CH ₃ , NO, O ₂ , HO ₂	00
5.2.3.4	Lamp Absorption: Working without Lasers	00
5.2.4	Frequency Modulation Methods	00
5.2.4.1	Theory and Experiment	00
5.2.4.2	NH ₂ and ¹ CH ₂	00
5.2.5	Infrared Laser Absorption and Emission Techniques	00
5.2.5.1	Room Temperature Diodes	00
5.2.5.2	Pb Salt Diode Lasers	00
5.2.5.3	CO Discharge Lasers	00
5.2.5.4	Emission Methods	00
5.2.6	Atomic Resonance Absorption Spectroscopy	00
5.2.6.1	Experimental Methods	00
5.2.6.2	Calibrations and Applications	00
5.2.6.3	Shock Tube Impurities	00
5.2.7	Planar Laser Induced Fluorescence	00
5.2.7.1	Theory	00
5.2.7.2	Measurement Strategies	00
5.2.8	References	

6 Numerical Methods

by P. Roe

6.1	Introduction	00
6.2	Analytical Background	00
6.2.1	Conservation	00
6.2.2	Weak Solutions	00
6.2.3	Physical Solutions — Entropy Conditions	00
6.2.4	Quasilinear Form, Jacobians	00
6.2.5	Wave Speeds, Hyperbolicity, Nonlinearity and Convexity	00
6.2.6	Characteristic Variables, Centered Waves	00
6.2.7	Riemann Problems	00
6.3	Numerical Background	00
6.3.1	Finite-Volume Methods — The Lax-Wendroff Theorem	00
6.3.2	Error and Accuracy	00
6.3.3	The Simplest Hyperbolic Problem	00

6.3.3.1	Flux Estimation	00
6.3.3.2	Some Numerical Experiments	00
6.3.3.3	Von Neumann Analysis	00
6.3.3.4	Godunov's Theorem	00
6.3.4	Time-Stepping Flux Integration, Semi-Discretization	00
6.4	One-Dimensional Methods	00
6.4.1	The Godunov Scheme	00
6.4.2	A Linearized Riemann Solver	00
6.4.2.1	Choice of Linearization	00
6.4.2.2	Failings of Linearized Solvers	00
6.4.3	The Entropy Fix	00
6.4.4	Positivity	00
6.4.4.1	Dubrocca's Proposal	00
6.4.4.2	Kinetic Schemes	00
6.4.5	High Resolution Schemes	00
6.4.5.1	MUSCL-Type Schemes	00
6.4.5.2	More Experiments	00
6.4.5.3	Hancock's Scheme	00
6.4.5.4	Flux Limiting, Fluctuation Splitting	00
6.4.5.5	Application to Nonlinear Systems	00
6.4.6	Essentially Non-Oscillatory (ENO) Schemes	00
6.4.7	Avoiding the Riemann Problem	00
6.4.7.1	Lax-Friedrichs	00
6.4.7.2	Nessayhu-Tadmor	00
6.4.7.3	HLL, HLLE, HLLC . . .	00
6.4.7.4	Flux-Vector Splitting, CUSP, AUSM	00
6.4.7.5	Flux-Corrected Transport	00
6.4.7.6	Jameson's Method	00
6.4.7.7	Chang	00
6.5	Source Terms	00
6.6	Multidimensional Application	00
6.6.1	Flux Calculation	00
6.7	Grid Generation and Adaptivity	00
6.8	Anomalous Solutions	00
6.9	"Genuinely" Multidimensional Methods	00
6.10	Further Reading	00
6.11	An Example	00
6.12	Concluding Remarks	00
6.13	References	00
6.14	Appendix A: A Simple Code for One-Dimensional Gasdynamics	00

PART **2*****Shock Wave Interactions and Propagation*****7** One-Dimensional Interactions*by O. Igra*

7.1	Background and Introduction	00
7.2	Head-on Collision between Two Shock Waves	00
7.3	Head-on Collision between a Shock Wave and a Rarefaction Wave	00
7.4	Head-on Collision of a Shock Wave with a Contact Discontinuity	00
7.5	Head-on Collision of a Rarefaction Wave with a Contact Discontinuity	00
7.6	Shock Wave Overtaking Another Shock Wave	00
7.7	Shock Wave Overtaken by a Rarefaction Wave	00
7.8	Shock Wave Overtaking a Rarefaction Wave	00
7.9	The General Riemann Problem (GRP) Solver	00
7.9.1	Concluding Remarks	00
7.10	Head-on Collision of a Planar Shock Wave with a Non-Rigid Boundary	00
7.11	Summary and Conclusions	00
7.12	References	

8 Two-Dimensional Interactions**8.1** The Reflection of Oblique Shock Waves*by G. Ben-Dor*

8.1.1	Introduction and Historical Background	00
8.1.2	Analytical Approaches for Describing Regular and Mach Reflections	00
8.1.2.1	Two-Shock Theory	00
8.1.2.2	Three-Shock Theory	00
8.1.2.3	Shock Polars	00
8.1.2.4	Suggested $RR \cap IR$ Transition Criteria	00
8.1.2.5	Dual-Solution Domain	00
8.1.2.6	Hysteresis Phenomenon in the $RR \cap IR$ Transition	00
8.1.3	Steady Flows	00

8.1.3.1	Categories of Steady Shock Wave Reflections	00
8.1.3.2	Hysteresis Phenomena	00
8.1.3.3	Analytical Prediction of the Mach Reflection Wave Configuration	00
8.1.3.4	Modification of the Perfect Two- and Three-Shock Theories	00
8.1.4	Pseudo-Steady Flow	00
8.1.4.1	Shock Wave Diffraction Process	00
8.1.4.2	Shock Wave Reflection Phenomena	00
8.1.4.3	Regular Reflection-RR	00
8.1.4.4	Single-Mach Reflection-SMR	00
8.1.4.5	Transitional-Mach Reflection-TMR	00
8.1.4.6	Double-Mach Reflection-DMR	00
8.1.4.7	von Neumann Reflection-vNR	00
8.1.4.8	Triple Point Trajectory Angles	00
8.1.4.9	Transition Criteria	00
8.1.4.10	Domains of Different Types of Reflections	00
8.1.4.11	Modifications of the Two- and Three-Shock Theories	00
8.1.5	Unsteady Flow	00
8.1.5.1	Reflection of Constant Velocity Shock Waves over Non-Straight Surfaces	00
8.1.5.2	Non-Constant Velocity Shock Wave Reflections over Straight Surfaces	00
8.1.5.3	Spherical Shock Wave Reflections over Straight and Non-Straight Surfaces	
8.2	The Refraction of Shock Waves	
	<i>by L.F. Henderson</i>	
8.2.1	Introduction	
8.2.2.1	The Wave Systems	00
8.2.2.2	The Wave Impedance	
8.2.2.3	Two-Dimensional Refraction	00
8.2.2.4	Solution of Fast-Slow Refraction $\eta_a > 1$	00
8.2.2.5	Solution of Slow-Fast Refraction $\eta_a < 1$	00
8.2.2.6	Solution of One-Dimensional Refraction	
8.2.3	Two Dimensional Refraction	00
8.2.3.1	Two Dimensional Wave Analysis	00
8.2.3.2	The Wave Impedance of an Oblique Shock	00

8.2.3.3	The Refraction Law	00
8.2.3.4	The Relative Refractive Index	00
8.2.3.5	The Shock Polar	00
8.2.4	Solution of Fast–Slow Refraction $\eta_a > 1$	00
8.2.5	Solution of Slow–Fast Refraction $\eta_a > 1$	00
8.2.6	The Minimum Time Principle	00
8.2.7	References	
8.3	Shock Wave/Boundary Layer Interactions	
	<i>by J.M. Delery</i>	
8.3.1	Introduction	00
8.3.2	Properties of Shock Induced Interactions	00
8.3.2.1	The Different Kinds of Interaction	00
8.3.2.2	Interaction Without Boundary Layer Separation	00
8.3.2.3	Interaction With Boundary Layer Separation	00
8.3.2.4	Hypersonic Interaction	00
8.3.2.5	Other Aspects of Shock-Induced Interaction	00
8.3.3	Interaction Control Methods	00
8.3.3.1	Mechanisms for Control Action	00
8.3.3.2	Examination of Some Control Actions	00
8.3.4	Problems Raised by Interaction Modeling	00
8.3.4.1	Numerical Accuracy of the Codes	00
8.3.4.2	The Physical Modeling	00
8.3.5	Concluding Remarks	00
8.3.6	References	

9 Axi-Symmetric Shock Wave Reflections

by B.E Milton

9.1	Introduction	00
9.2	External Reflection over Simple Upstream Facing Cones	00
9.2.1	Simple Cones in Steady Supersonic Flows	00
9.2.2	Moving Shock Waves	00
9.3	Generalized Solution of Conical Moving Shock Waves	00
9.3.1	Formulation for Ray-Shock Calculations in Conical Mach Reflection	00
9.3.2	Equations for the Generalized Ray-Shock Solution	00

Contents	15
9.3.3 Curved Mach Stems	00
9.3.4 Solution Procedures for Cases Without Self-Similarity	00
9.3.5 Post-Reflection Rays Parallel to the Centerline	00
9.4 Some Conical Mach Reflection Results from the Ray-Shock Theory	00
9.4.1 External (Expanding) Flows	00
9.4.2 Converging (Internal) Cases	00
9.5 Experimental Conical Mach Reflection Studies	00
9.5.1 Validation for External Cases	00
9.5.2 Mach Reflection within Conical Contractions	00
9.6 Numerical Experiments (CFD)	00
9.6.1 CFD Scheme for Conical Mach Reflection	00
9.6.2 Comparison of the Ray-Shock Theory CFD Results	00
9.7 Some Theoretical Aspects of Conical Mach Reflection	00
9.7.1 von Neumann Mach Reflection Effects in Conical Reflections	00
9.7.2 Self-Similar and Non Self-Similar Axi-Symmetric Mach Reflection	00
9.7.3 Transition from Regular to Mach Reflection in Conical Problems	00
9.8 Some Applications of Axi-Symmetric Calculations	00
9.8.1 Mach Reflection over a Simple Cone	00
9.8.2 Axi-Symmetric Shock Wave Focusing	00
9.9 Final Discussion	00
9.10 References	
10 The Propagation of Shock Waves in Channels	
<i>by W. Heilig & O. Igra</i>	
10.1 Introduction	00
10.2 Scenarios of the Shock Wave Propagation in Channels	00
10.3 Phenomenology of the Shock Wave Propagation in Channels	00
10.3.1 Brief Description of the Conventional Shock Tube	00
10.3.2 Visualization of ShockWave Propagation in Various Channel Configurations	00
10.3.3 Comments on the Usefulness of Flow Visualization and its Evaluation	00

10.4	Approximate Analytical Methods	00
10.4.1	The Unsteady Quasi-One-Dimensional Flow	00
10.4.2	Rudinger's Method	00
10.4.3	The Chester-Chisnell-Whitham Channel Formula	00
10.4.4	Whitham's Theory of Shock Dynamics	00
10.4.5	Analytical Treatment of Shock Propagation Through a Class of Bifurcated Ducts using Whitham's Theory	00
10.5	Numerical Methods	00
10.5.1	Example Calculations Using Wave Propagation Codes	00
10.5.2	The GRP (General Riemann Problem) Code	00
10.5.3	Solving a Quasi One-Dimensional Flow using the Random Choice Method (RCM)	00
10.6	Data Bases	00
10.7	Final Remarks	00
10.8	References	

11 Shock Wave Focusing

by F. Higashino

11.1	Introduction	00
11.2	Theoretical Analyses	00
11.2.1	Basic Equations	00
11.2.2	Characteristics Method and CCW Approximation	00
11.2.3	Similarity Method for Imploding Shock Wave	00
11.3	Results and Discussion	00
11.3.1	Shock Tube Experiment	00
11.3.2	Blast Waves	00
11.4	References	

12 Application of Shock Waves in Medicine

by A.M. Loske

12.1	Introduction	00
12.2	Brief Physical Background	00
12.2.1	Lithotripsy Pressure Pulses	00
12.2.2	Shock Wave Propagation and Interaction with Matter	00

12.3	Extracorporeal Shock Wave Lithotripsy (ESWL)	00
12.3.1	Electrohydraulic Shock Wave Lithotripters	00
12.3.2	Electromagnetic Shock Wave Lithotripters	00
12.3.3	Piezoelectric Shock Wave Lithotripters	00
12.3.4	Micro-Explosive Lithotripters	00
12.4	Shock Waves in Orthopaedics	00
12.5	Shock Waves in Ophthalmology	00
12.6	Shock Waves in Oncology and Gene Therapy	00
12.7	Shock Waves as Possible Method for Food Preservation	00
12.8	Shock Wave Thrombus Ablation	00
12.9	References	

13 Spherical Shock Waves

13.1	Expanding Spherical Shocks (Blast Waves)	
	<i>by J.M. Dewey</i>	
13.1.1	Introduction	00
13.1.2	Physical Properties of Expanding Spherical Shock Waves	00
	13.1.2.1 Physical Properties in Radius-Time (r-t) Plane	00
	13.1.2.2 Shock Front Properties	00
	13.1.2.3 The Shape of the Shock Wave	00
	13.1.2.4 A Compendium of Physical Properties	00
13.1.3	Scaling Laws	00
13.1.4	Analytical Solutions	00
13.1.5	Analytical Solutions	00
	13.1.5.1 Numerical Modeling	00
	13.1.5.2 Numerical Reconstruction	00
13.1.6	Experimental Measurement Techniques	00
	13.1.6.1 Introduction	00
	13.1.6.2 Electronic Methods	00
	13.1.6.3 Photogrammetric Methods	00
	13.1.6.4 Passive methods	00
13.1.7	Spherical Shock Reflections	00
	13.1.7.1 Regular and Mach Reflections	00
	13.1.7.2 Height-Of-Burst Curves	00
13.1.8	References	
13.2	General Attenuation Law for Spherical Shock Wave Propagating in Pure Gases	
	<i>by F. Aizik, G. Ben-Dor, T. Elperin & O. Igra</i>	

13.2.1	Introduction	00
13.2.2	Background	00
	13.2.2.1 The Assumptions	00
13.2.3	General Attenuation Law	00
13.2.4	References	
14	Shock Induced Instabilities of Interfaces	
	<i>by D. Shvarts, O. Sadot, D. Oron, A. Rikanati and U. Alon</i>	
14.1	Introduction — Hydrodynamic Instability	00
14.2	The Rayleigh-Taylor Instability — Two Dimensional Case	00
	14.2.1 Linear Analysis	00
	14.2.2 Analysis of the Early Nonlinear Stages	00
	14.2.3 The Late Nonlinear Stage (Layzer Model)	00
	14.2.4 Density Ratio Dependence	00
	14.2.5 Spike Behavior	00
	14.2.6 Dimensionality Dependence	00
14.3	The Richtmyer-Meshkov Instability	00
14.4	Experimental Studies	00
	14.4.1 Experimental Studies of the Single Mode Rayleigh-Taylor Instability	00
	14.4.2 Experimental Studies of the Richtmyer-Meshkov Instability	00
14.5	Random Initial Conditions	00
	14.5.1 Two-Dimensional Statistical Mechanics Model and Late Time Scaling Laws	00
	14.5.2 Three-Dimensional Effects on the Late Time Scaling Laws	00
	14.5.3 Shock Wave Experiment to Study the Bubble Competition Process	00
	14.5.4 Re-Shock Experiments	00
14.6	Summary	00
14.7	References	
15	Shock Wave Propagation in Multi-Phase Media	
15.1	Shock Wave Propagation in Porous Media	
	<i>by B. Skews, A. Levy & D. Levi-Hevroni</i>	
	15.1.1 Introduction	00
	15.1.2 General Description of the Wave Propagation	00
	15.1.3 The Nature of Porous Foams	00
	15.1.4 Scientific Background	00

15.1.4.1	Systems with Flexible Skeletons	00
15.1.4.2	Systems with Rigid Skeletons	00
15.1.4.3	Blast Wave Loading	00
15.1.4.4	Multi-Dimensional Studies	00
15.1.4.5	Theory and Modeling	00
15.1.5	Macroscopic Governing Equations	00
15.1.5.1	The Assumptions	00
15.1.5.2	The Balance Equations	00
15.1.6	Case Studies	00
15.1.6.1	One-Dimensional Shock Wave Interaction with Rigid Porous Material	00
15.1.6.2	One-Dimensional Shock Wave Interaction with Flexible Porous Material	00
15.1.6.3	Regular Reflection from a Rigid Porous Surface in Pseudo-Steady Flows	00
15.1.7	References	
15.2	Weak Shock Wave Interaction with Inert Granular Media <i>by A. Britan & A. Levy</i>	
15.2.1	Introduction	00
15.2.2	Experimental Methods and Materials	00
15.2.3	2D Packing of Cylinders and Discs	00
15.2.3.1	Unsteady Flow Pattern	00
15.2.3.2	Dynamics of the Contact Stress Transfer	00
15.2.3.3	Role of the Sidewall Friction	00
15.2.4	3D Packing of Spherical Particles	00
15.2.4.1	Behavior of the Unsteady End-Wall Peak	00
15.2.4.2	Bridging effect and Size of the Pressure Transducer	00
15.2.4.3	Packing Density and Gas Filtration	00
15.2.4.4	Effective Stress Behavior	00
15.2.5	Dynamics of the Granular Layer Compression	00
15.2.5.1	Wave Processes	00
15.2.5.2	Dynamic Young Moduli	00
15.2.6	Shielding Characteristics of Granular Filters	00
15.2.6.1	Problem Description	00
15.2.6.2	Attenuation Performance of the Granular Bulk	00
15.2.7	Physical Models and Simulations	00
15.2.8	Conclusions	00
15.2.9	References	

15.3	Shock Waves in Inert and Reactive Bubbly Liquids <i>by V. Kedrinskii</i>	
15.3.1	Shock Waves in Inert Bubbly Liquids	00
15.3.1.1	Introduction	00
15.3.1.2	Plane Shock Waves and Spherical Bubbles	00
15.3.1.3	Plane Shock Waves and Plane Gas Layers	00
15.3.1.4	Plane Shock Waves and Bubbly Layers	00
15.3.1.5	The Iordansky-Kogarko-van-Wijngaarten Non-Equilibrium Two Phase Model of a Bubbly Liquid	00
15.3.1.6	Amplification, Collision and Focusing of Shock Waves in Bubbly Liquids	00
15.3.2	Bubbly Detonation Waves in Reactive Bubbly Liquids	00
15.3.2.1	Introduction	00
15.3.2.2	Single Bubble Dynamics	00
15.3.2.3	Single Bubble Dynamics: Chemical Reaction and the Interface Mass Transfer	00
15.3.2.4	Shock Waves in Reactive Bubbly Liquids	00
15.3.2.5	Initiation, Formation and Collision of Bubbly Detonation Waves: "Hot Spots" Mechanism	00
15.3.3	References	
15.4	Shock Wave Interactions with Liquid-Gas Suspensions <i>by M.E.H. van Dongen</i>	
15.4.1	Introduction	00
15.4.2	Thermodynamic Properties of a Liquid Gas Suspension	00
15.4.3	Speeds of Sound	00
15.4.3.1	Fully Frozen Sound Speed	00
15.4.3.2	Partly Frozen Sound Speed	00
15.4.3.3	Equilibrium Sound Speed	00
15.4.4	Jump Conditions Across a Normal Shock Wave in a Liquid Gas Suspension	00
15.4.4.1	Approximate Rankine-Hugoniot Relations for Weak Shocks	00
15.4.4.2	Guha's Exact Analytical Solution for Specified p_1 , T_1 , T_2 and f_g	00

15.4.5	Transfer of Momentum, Mass and Energy from Gas to Droplets; Dilute Condensable Component	00
15.4.5.1	Continuum Regime	00
15.4.5.2	The Free Molecular Regime	00
15.4.5.3	The Transition Regime	00
15.4.6	Estimate of Characteristic Relaxation Times	00
15.4.6.1	Exchange of Momentum	00
15.4.6.2	Exchange of Heat	00
15.4.6.3	Exchange of Mass: Evaporation	00
15.4.6.4	Comparison of the Characteristic Relaxation Times	00
15.4.7	Shock Induced Evaporation in the Wet-Bulb Regime	00
15.4.8	Experimental Observations	00
15.4.9	Shock Waves in Wet Steam	00
15.4.10	Fully Dispersed Shock Waves in Wet Steam	00
15.4.11	Conclusions	00
15.4.12	References	00

PART **3*****Chemical Reactions in Shock Wave*****16** Chemical and Combustion Kinetics

16.1	Mass Spectrometric Methods for Chemical Kinetics in Shock Tubes	
	<i>by R.D. Kern, H.J. Singe & Q. Zhang</i>	
16.1.1	Introduction	00
16.1.2	Coupling of a Time-of-Flight Mass Spectrometer to a Shock Tube	00
16.1.3	Chemical Kinetics Results from the TOF Shock Tube Technique	00
16.1.4	Summary	00
16.1.5	References	
16.2	The Application of Densitometric Methods to the Measurement of Rate Processes in Shock Tubes	
	<i>by J.H. Kiefer</i>	
16.2.1	Introduction	00
16.2.2	Methods for the Observation of Gas Density	00

16.2.2.1	Atomic Absorption Methods	00
16.2.2.2	Rayleigh Scattering	00
16.2.2.3	Refractive Index Methods	00
16.2.3	References	
16.3	Atomic Resonance Absorption Spectrometric with Flash or Laser Photolysis in Shock Wave Experiments <i>by J.V. Michael & A. Lifshitz</i>	
16.3.1	Introduction	00
16.3.2	Atomic Resonance Absorption Spectrometric Detection in Shock Tubes	00
16.3.2.1	Light Sources	00
16.3.2.2	Line Absorption Theory	00
16.3.2.3	Conclusions	00
16.3.2.4	Calibration Procedures	00
16.3.3	Flash and/or Laser Photolysis in Shock Tubes	00
16.3.3.1	Bimolecular Atom-Molecule Reactions	00
16.3.3.2	Bimolecular Radical-Molecule Reactions	00
16.3.3.3	Flash and/or Laser-Shock Tubes Results	00
16.3.3.4	Summary	00
16.3.4	References	
16.4	Single Pulse Shock Tube <i>by W. Tsang & A. Lifshitz</i>	
16.4.1	Introduction	00
16.4.2	Single Phase Shock Tube	00
16.4.2.1	Configuration	00
16.4.2.2	Requirements	00
16.4.2.3	Limitations	00
16.4.2.4	Validation	00
16.4.3	Chemical Kinetics	00
16.4.3.1	General Considerations	00
16.4.3.2	Analytical Methods	00
16.4.3.3	Treatment of Data	00
16.4.3.4	Experimental Approaches	00
16.4.4	Complex Reaction Systems	00
16.4.4.1	Introduction	00
16.4.4.2	Determination of Reaction Mechanisms	00
16.4.4.3	Computer Simulation	00
16.4.5	Single Step Reactions	00

16.4.5.1	Justification	00
16.4.5.2	Experimental Configurations	00
16.4.5.3	Internal Standard and the Comparative Rate Technique	00
16.4.6	Specific Systems and Generalizations	00
16.4.6.1	Complex Reactions	00
16.4.6.2	Single Step Kinetics	00
16.4.7	Summary and Future Directions	00
16.4.8	References	00
16.4.9	Appendix: Summary and Experimental Results	00
16.4.9.1	Complex Kinetics	00
16.4.9.2	Single Step Rate Expressions	00
16.5	Ignition Delay Times	
	<i>by A. Lifshitz</i>	
16.5.1	Introduction	00
16.5.2	Basic Concepts	00
16.5.3	Methodology	00
16.5.3.1	Experimental Methods	00
16.5.3.2	Design of an Experiment and Data Processing	00
16.5.3.3	Modeling Procedures	00
16.5.4	Kinetic Systems	00
16.5.4.1	Introductory Remarks	00
16.5.4.2	Ignition of Small Molecules, “The Loop Concept”	00
16.5.4.3	Thermal Ignition Without Chain Branching, $N_2O + COS$, $N_2O + CO$	00
16.5.4.4	The Concept of Energy Branching, $H_2 + CL_2$, $H_2 + F_2$	00
16.5.4.5	Correlation of Ignition Delay Times with Bond Dissociation Energies. The Role of Initiation vs Chain Branching	00
16.5.4.6	The Dependence of the Ignition Delay Times on the Fuel Concentration	00
16.5.4.7	Inhibiting Effects of the Diluent	00
16.5.4.8	Effect of Additives	00
16.5.5	Computer Modeling	00
16.5.5.1	Reaction Scheme	00
16.5.5.2	Sensitivity Spectrum	00
16.5.6	Conclusions	00
16.5.7	References	00

16.6 Particulate Formation and Analysis

by H. Wang

16.6.1	Introduction	00
16.6.2	Particle Size Distribution Function	00
16.6.3	Particle Analysis Techniques	00
	16.6.3.1 Laser Light Extinction and Scattering	00
	16.6.3.2 Complex Refractive Index	00
	16.6.3.3 Light Emission	00
	16.6.3.4 Other Detection Techniques	00
16.6.4	Soot Formation	00
	16.6.4.1 Induction Time	00
	16.6.4.2 Soot Yield	00
	16.6.4.3 Soot Growth Rate	00
	16.6.4.4 REM and Tem Studies	00
16.6.5	Nano-Particle Synthesis	00
16.6.6	Homogeneous Nucleation of Metal Particles	00
16.6.7	Summary	00
16.6.8	References	

17 Combustion, Detonation and Deflagration

by J. Lee