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## CODES FOR CHAPTER 8

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### **MCintegral.f90**

MCintegral is a little program that evaluates the integral  $\int_a^b f(x) dx$  for any specified function by the Monte Carlo method, as outlined in equation (8.10).

Input:

F(x)     = The function to be integrated  
a         = Lower limit of integration  
b         = Upper limit of integration  
varmax    = Maximum relative standard deviation allowed

Output:

no. of bundles     = Number of statistical samples taken (with a minimum of 10000 built in)  
integral           = Best estimate of the value of the desired integral  
std dev            = Absolute standard deviation for the result  
rel.err(%)         = Estimated relative error (in %), based on one standard deviation.

The number of statistical bundles is broken up into numsmpls realizations of N samples each. Using these different realizations, variances are calculated according to equation (8.8), and the relative variance is compared to stddevmax; if it exceeds it the number of bundles is doubled, the numsmpls realizations are compacted into half that many, and numsmpls/2 new realizations (with twice as many samples) are generated (giving numsmpls realizations with twice as many samples as before), etc., until the convergence criterion is met. For example, F(x)=sin(x), a=0., b=pi/2., and varmax=0.002 results in (the correct answer being 1):

no. of bundles	integral	std dev	rel.err(%)
10000	1.0024E+00	4.8714E-03	0.49
20000	9.9957E-01	2.8855E-03	0.29
40000	1.0001E+00	1.4426E-03	0.14