## Chapter 5

## **Processors and Systems**

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Figure 5.1: Block diagram of a computer system..



Figure 5.2: The bathtub curve for failure rates..



Figure 5.3: Relative access times across the memory hierarchy



Figure 5.4: A chip floorplan.



Figure 5.5: Die photo of a Broadwell processor.



Figure 5.6: A model for buffers on long wires.



Figure 5.7: A long wire divided into one versus two segments.



Figure 5.8: Delay versus number of buffers.



Figure 5.9: Model for delay on a bus.



Figure 5.10: Series and parallel components of a job for Amdahl's law.



Figure 5.11: Communication delay between jobs.



Figure 5.12: Rise time in a clock signal.



Figure 5.13: Trees versus lines for clock distribution.



Figure 5.14: An H-tree for clock distribution..



Figure 5.15: A buffered clock tree.



Figure 5.16: Clock domains on a large chip.



Figure 5.17: Equivalent circuit of a piezoelectric crystal [Pec97].



Figure 5.18: A Pierce oscillator..



Figure 5.19: Interface to memory.



Figure 5.20: Organization of a memory array.



Figure 5.21: Circuit diagram for a DRAM cell.



Figure 5.22: Model for DRAM sensing.



Figure 5.23: Circuit diagram for an SRAM cell.



Figure 5.24: Growth of the memory wall over time.



Figure 5.25: A memory system using both SRAM cache and DRAM.



Figure 5.26: DRAM organized into banks.



Figure 5.27: An error detection code.



Figure 5.28: Organization of magnetic disk media.



Figure 5.29: A floating-gate cell.



Figure 5.30: Band structure of a floating-gate cell with a stored charge on the floating gate [Kah67].



Figure 5.31: Voltage levels in a multilevel flash cell.



Figure 5.32: Structure of an electrochemical cell.



Figure 5.33: Typical battery discharge characteristics.



Figure 5.34: The Peukert Effect..



top

bottom

Figure 5.35: A chip and its heat sink..



Figure 5.36: A thermal resistance circuit.



Figure 5.37: A thermal RC model of a chip.



Figure 5.38: Thermal waveform for a thermal square wave.



Figure 5.39: Peak-to-peak waveform from a thermal square wave input.



Figure 5.40: A thermal model for a pair of adjacent cores.



Figure 5.41: Thermal waveforms for a two-core system with alternating operation.



Example 5.3 Planet-Scale Computer



**Example 5.9** Data Center Power Distribution.

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	Android OS		10%
٩	Phone idle		9%
9	Chrome		7%
	Android System		7%
	Cell standby		5%

Example 5.11 Cell Phone Power Utilization



Example 5.17 Thermal RC Model of Chip Temperature